



## ASSESSMENT OF GRID CONNECTIVITY QUALITY AND ENHANCEMENTS ON AUTOMATIC ESTIMATES ON HOLE BOUNDARY PLACEMENT

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# **OVERVIEW**

- Overset grid connectivity quality
  - Review of quality measures that point to sources of orphan points and degradation of solution accuracy
  - Visualization tools in latest OVERGRID
- Hole boundary offset from minimum hole
  - Automatic variable distance estimate (work in progress)
- Summary and conclusions



# **GRID CONNECTIVITY QUALITY**

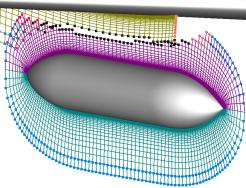
Fringe points: grid points at outer boundaries and hole boundaries that require interpolation data from another grid

N<sub>F</sub> = Number of layers of fringe points requested

Fringe point	Donor stencil	Treatment	Quality
Orphan	None	Averaged from neighbors	Poor
Mixed	< N <sub>F</sub> layers	Fringe points with no donor stencils converted to field points (reduced accuracy) Fringe points with donor stencils get trilinear interpolation	Accepted in most standard practices if number of converted points is a small fraction of total
Regular	N <sub>F</sub> layers	All fringe points receive trilinear interpolation	Okay – Excellent (varies depending on fringe point / donor stencil compatibility)



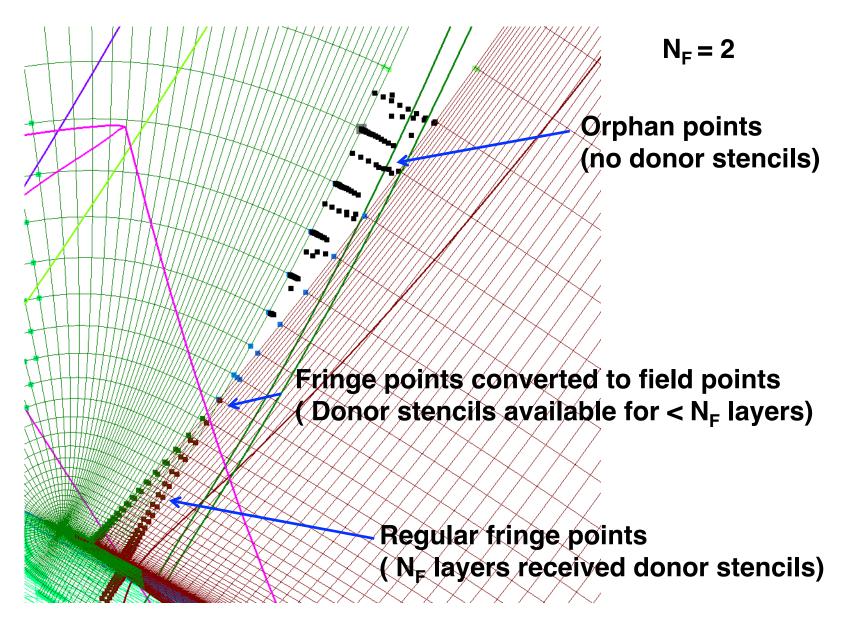
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### FRINGE POINTS AND DONOR STENCILS SCENARIOS









# **OVERGRID (2.3t) DIAGNOSTICS MODULE**

Iblank Analysis	Orphan Analysis				
Compute All Compute Selected	Total Display 100000				
Points Total No. % of Total	None     All     Selected     Table				
Blanked	Color   Black/White  Grid #				
Fringe	Hole Boundaries Display				
Total	<ul> <li>None</li> <li>All</li> <li>Selected</li> </ul>				
Interpolation Stencil Analysis	Converted Fringe Points				
Read Show	Total 0 Nfringe 2				
Fringe Pt. / Interp. Stencil Compatibility	None     All     Selected     Table				
0.0 <= Vol. ratio <= 0.01 Show	Color <ul> <li>Grey</li> <li>Grid #</li> </ul>				
Color • Grey • Grid # Table	Cut Plane				
Negative Jacobians	• 0 • x • y • z Coord 0.0				
Compute Show	Show Cut cells Cut edges Comp				

- Neighboring grid planes of selected orphan point
- 3-D hole boundaries
- Cut plane over curvilinear and Cartesian cells
- Converted fringe points
- Donor stencil compatibility





## **ORPHAN POINTS ANALYSIS**

#### **Orphan Points Display**



#### Orphan Points Count

#### Grid # Count

5	21	$\square$
7	13	
8	86	
10	2	
12	7	
13	6	
14	13	
15	1	
18	1	
19	1	
23	9	
Total	160	

Previous procedure: Manually select grid planes to display

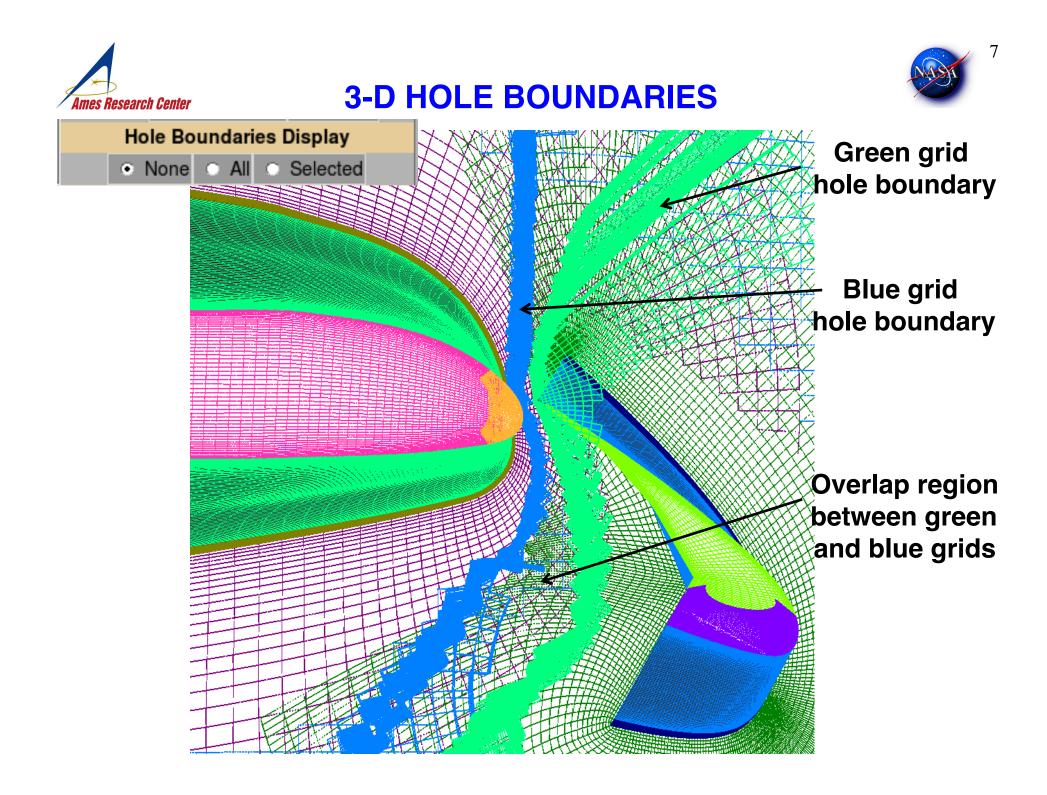
Current procedure: Mouse pick orphan point

#### **Neighboring Grid Slices Display**

	et w	itr	٦J	ı İslic	s	Pla	ne	T	<b>DQ</b>	ale	<mark>S</mark> ⊡×
			Neighl	boring S	lices	Displa	у				
	Grid #		J	Jmax		К	Kmax		L	Lmax	Hide
Orphan point	8		31	49		1	97		54	63	
Orphan grid	8	٠	31	49	•	1	97	•	54	63	
Neighboring grid	5	•	289	329	•	96	96		53	63	٠
	7	•	84	84	•	9	97		54	63	
	10	•	205	331	•	87	93		55	63	•
	11	•	39	49	•	1	49		55	63	•
	12	•	1	97	•	1	97		54	63	•
	18	•	119	239	•	72	94		63	63	•
	23	•	55	252	•	286	365	•	103	195	•
	24	•	53	99	•	18	57	•	41	81	•

☐ Hide All Slices

Auto display of grid planes from neighboring grids that may cover point



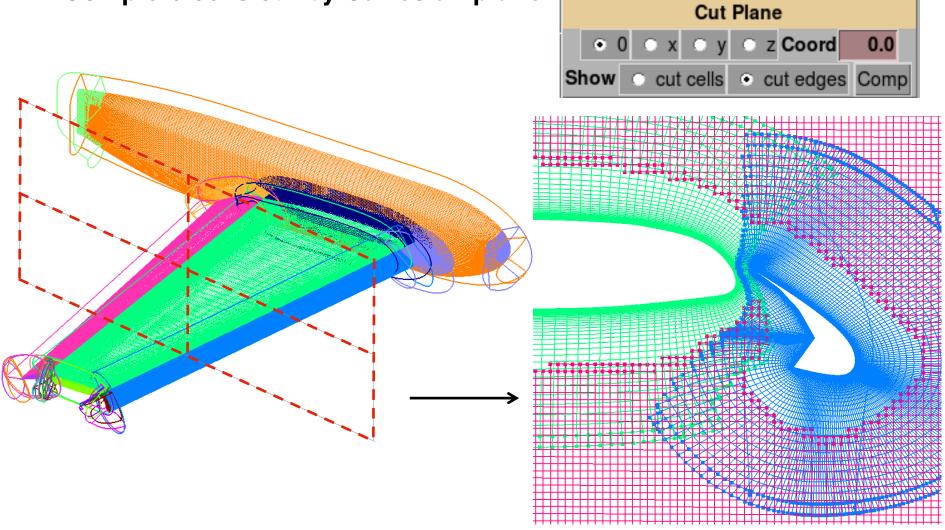




## **CONSTANT CARTESIAN CUTPLANE**

#### **Display options:**

- Edges formed by intersection of Cartesian plane and hex cells
- Complete cells cut by Cartesian plane

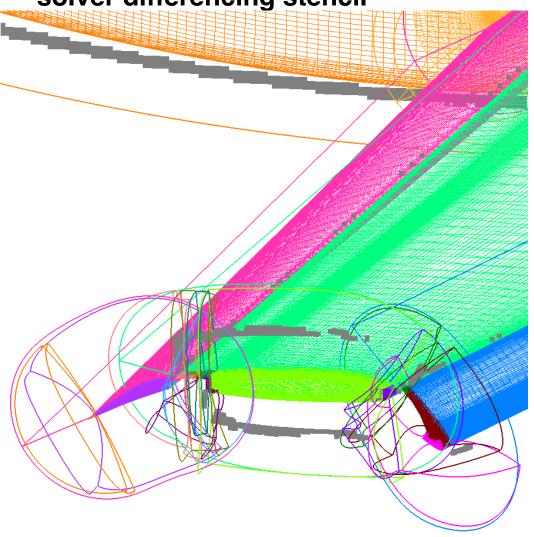




# **CONVERTED FRINGE POINTS**



Display of level 2 or higher fringe points that have been converted to field points due to insufficient overlap – reduction in solution solver differencing stencil



Converted Fringe Points							
Total	Total 0 Nfringe 2						
<ul> <li>None</li> </ul>	• All	٠	Selected	Table			
Color   Grey  Grid #							

### Fringe Repair Points Count

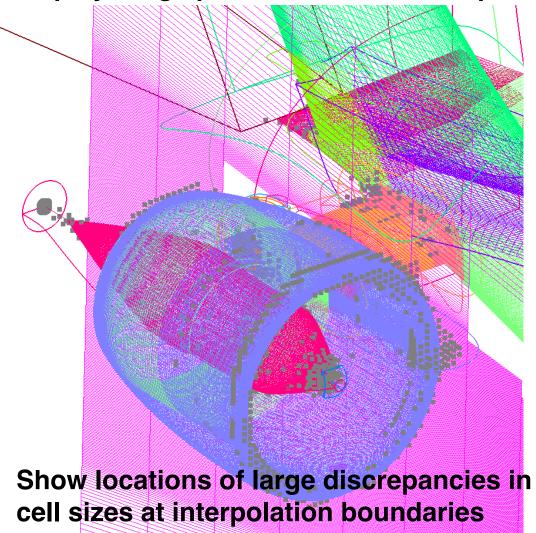
Gria #	Count	
4	81	
5	65	
6	13	
7	49	
8	223	
9	98	
10	193	
12	241	
13	48	
14	48	
15	65	
16	160	
18	2	
22	1119	
23	1063	
Total	3468	







Vr = ratio of cell volume of fringe point and cell volume of donor stencil Range: 0 < Vr <= 1.0 (smaller volume / larger volume) Display fringe points with Vr inside specified range



Fringe Pt. / Interp. Stencil Compatibility							
0.0	0.0 <= Vol. ratio <= 0.01 Show						
Colo	r 💿 Grey	Grid # Table					
	f	compat _ 🗆 🗙					
Fringe I	Points and Inte	erpolation Stencil Compatibility					
Grid #	0.0 <= Vol. ra	tio <= 0.001 Fraction of total					
3	271	0.001115					
4	160	0.002431					
8	812	0.007737					
11	15	0.000425					
12	122	0.004387					
16	175	0.001214					
17	2954	0.019011					
18	513	0.004790					
19	22251	0.205512					
20	493	0.012559					
21	1123	0.028608					
22	828	0.003422					
23	830	0.006498					
24	12308	0.130355					
26	1291	0.001500					
30	28	0.000159					
34	20	0.000173					
36	1	0.000002					
37	1	0.00008					
38	198	0.000358					
41	473	0.002026					
Total	44867						



### HOLE-CUTTING METHODS BEYOND MINIMUM HOLE



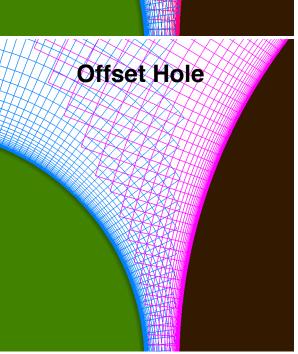
### **Minimum hole**

- Blank all points that are inside solid bodies

### **Offset from Minimum Hole**

- Perturb hole boundary points away from solid surface
- Many acceptable solutions

Hole cut	Implicit	Explicit
Description	Find donor stencils for ALL points in volume grid. Use cell attribute criteria to settle on final hole boundary location	User specifies minimum hole cut and offset distance
User time	Low	High
CPU time	High	Low



**Minimum Hole** 



Input: flow solver boundary conditions, component ID on solid walls

### **Automatic**

- determination of grid points to be cut by each X-ray
- generation of adaptive X-rays to cut minimum hole
- initial hole boundary offset estimates using wall distance rules
- orphan points removal iterations by adjusting hole boundaries

#### **Publication**

*Chan, W. M., Pandya, S. A., Rogers, S. E., Efficient Creation of Overset Grid Hole Boundaries and Effects of Their Locations on Aerodynamic Loads, AIAA Paper 2013-3074, AIAA 21<sup>st</sup> Computational Fluid Dynamics Conference, San Diego, CA, June, 2013* 

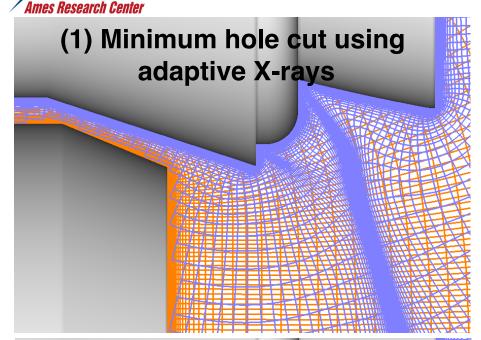
#### Deficiencies

- Hole boundary offset estimate based on assumption of constant outer boundary extent of near-body grids and iblanks are ignored

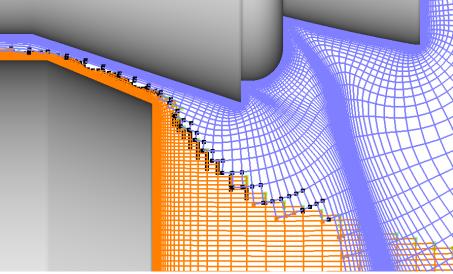
# **HOLE-CUTTING PROCEDURE IN C3P**

and the day of the





# (3) After 1 orphan removal iteration



(2) Initial hole boundary estimate using wall-distance heuristic rules

Deficiency: May result in many orphan points

(4) After 3 orphan removal iteratio<mark>ns</mark>





# **OBJECTIVES OF CURRENT WORK**

1. Given minimum hole boundary, automatically determine spatially variable offset that results in as few orphan points as possible so that orphan removal iterations can be omitted

2. CPU time for auto offset needs to be no more expensive than orphan removal iterations



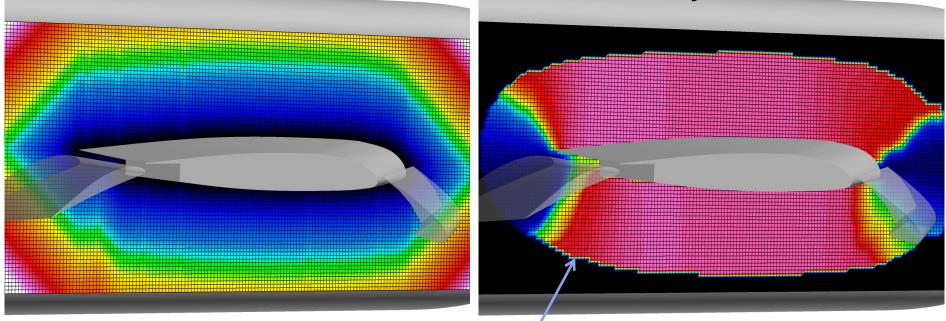


For each geometric component, use Cartesian map to determine

- distance to component wall
- local outer boundary extent of component near-body grids after (1) minimum hole cut, (2) near-body hole cut estimate

**Distance to main-wing wall** 

Local outer boundary extent of main-wing near-body grids after near-body hole cut

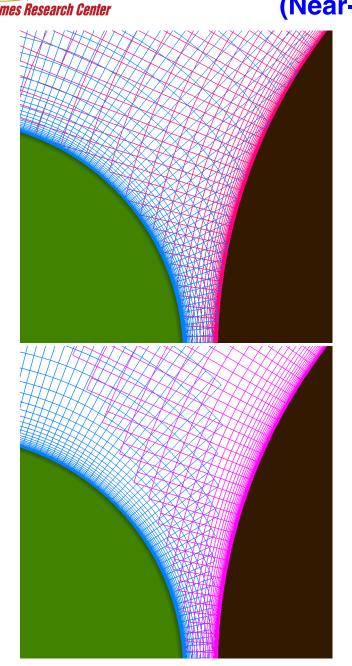


Volume grid outer boundary of main-wing

### HOLE BOUNDARY ESTIMATE PROCEDURE (1) (Near-Body Grids Blanking)



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Starting point: minimum hole

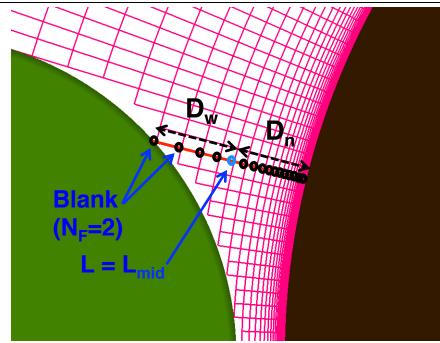
- **D**<sub>w</sub> = distance to wall of another component
- $D_n = distance to wall of own component$

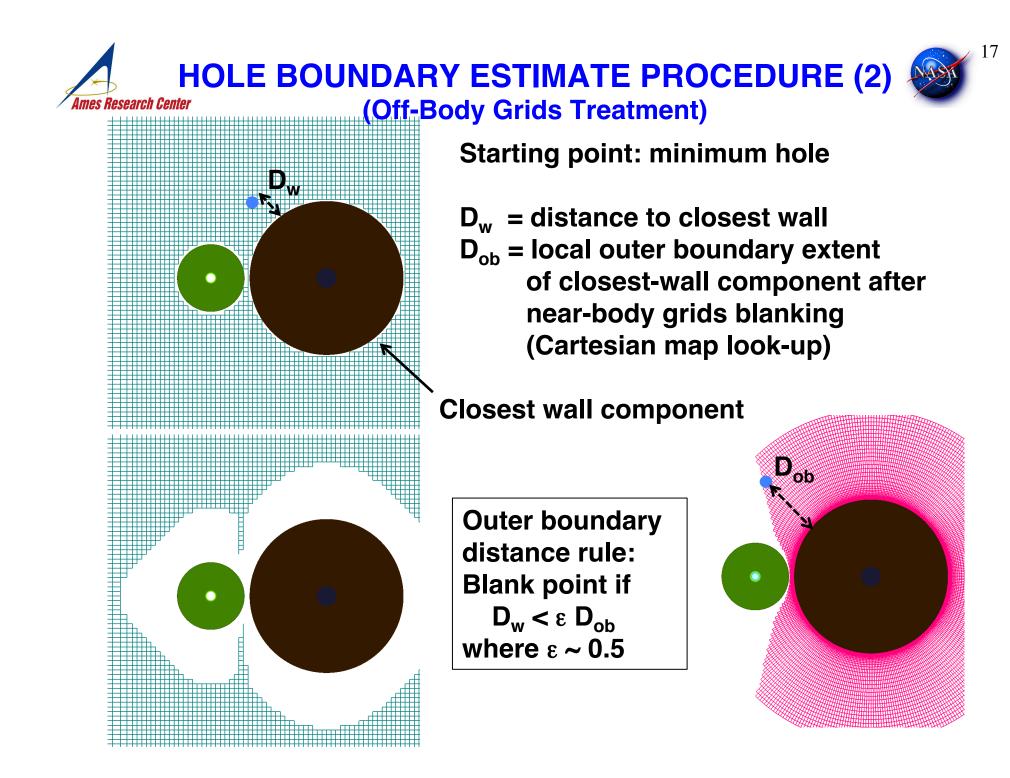
 $N_F = no.$  of layers of requested fringe points

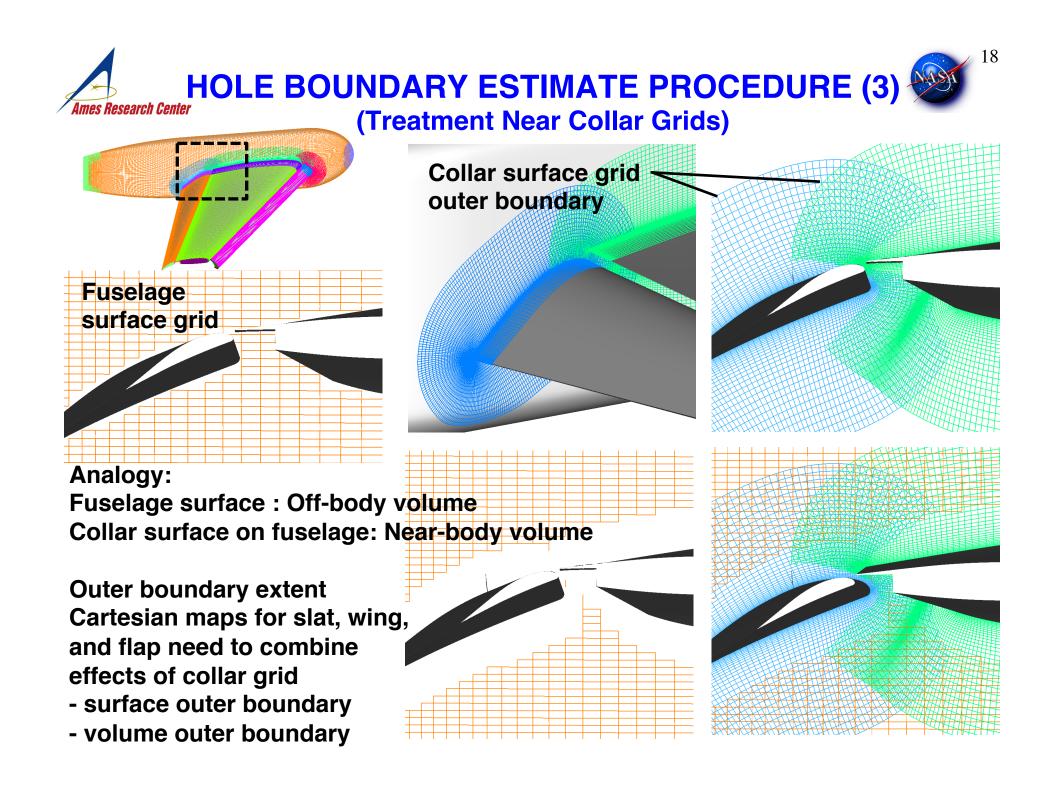
Mid-distance rule:

- For each ray from surface, find first index  $L_{mid}$  in normal direction L where  $D_w < D_n$ 

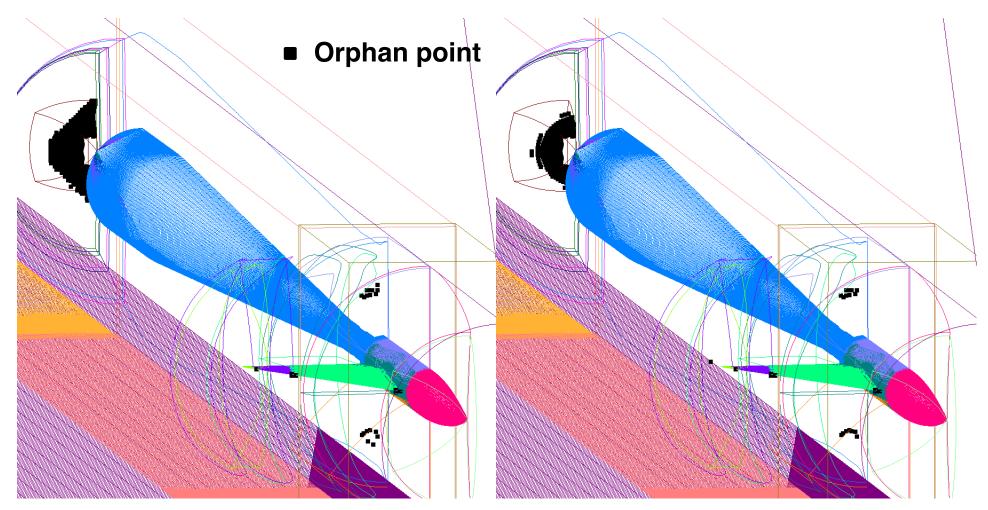
- Blank all points  $L > L_{mid} + N_F$ 







# HOLE BOUNDARY ESTIMATE TEST CASE 69° Delta-wing / Body / Sting (AIAA Sonic Boom Workshop) 32.6 million points, 17 grids



Previous: 1674 orphans

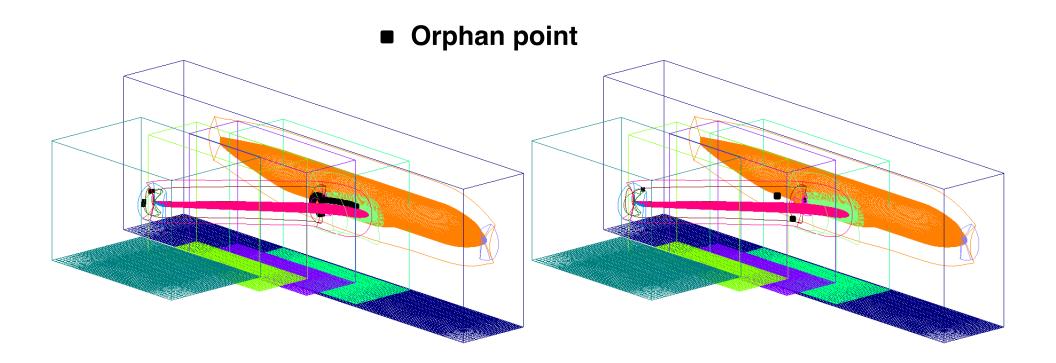
New: 1042 orphans

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### HOLE BOUNDARY ESTIMATE TEST CASE Subsonic Wing/Body: Common Research Model (CRM) 17.8 million points, 14 grids



#### **Previous: 513 orphans**

New: 34 orphans





# HOLE BOUNDARY ESTIMATE TEST CASE

### Tank and Booster 28.5 million points, 6 grids

Orphan point

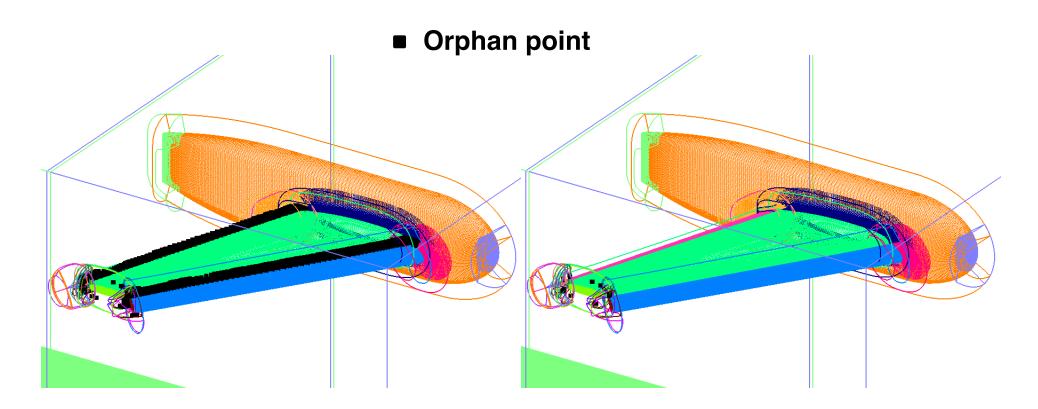


**New: 2 orphans** 



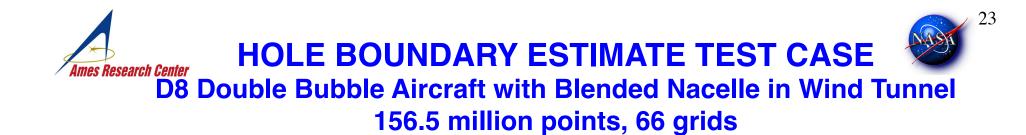


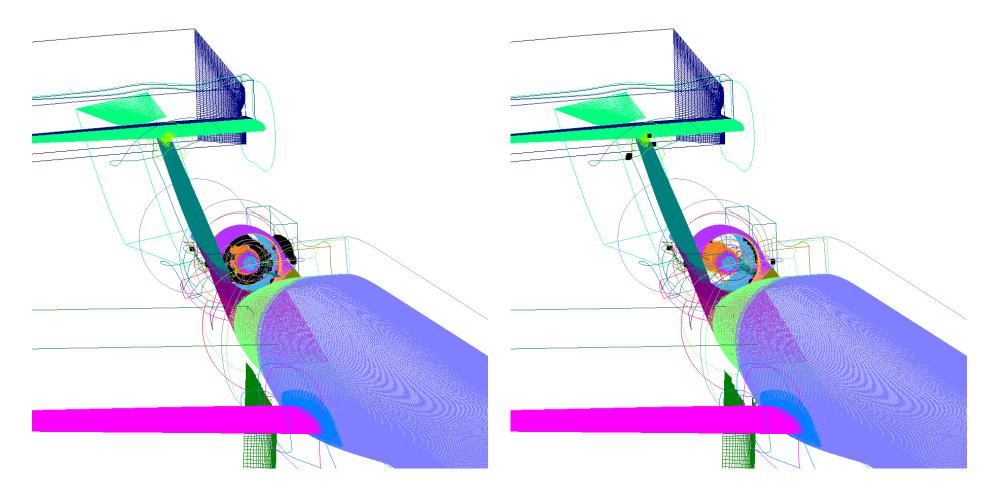
### HOLE BOUNDARY ESTIMATE TEST CASE Fuselage with Slat, Wing, and Flap High Lift System (Trapwing) 50.6 million points, 24 grids



**Previous: 85000 orphans** 

New: 32 orphans





Previous: 61200 orphans

New: 336 orphans





# **TEST CASES AND RESULTS**

CPU time to perform minimum hole cut, hole boundary estimate, donor stencil search, and I/O

Linux workstation, 8 OpenMP threads

Test Case	# Grid pts (x10 <sup>6</sup> )	Previous		New		
		# orphans CPU time		# orphans	CPU time	
Delta Wing	32.6	1674	30s	1042	26s	
CRM	17.8	513	25s	34	24s	
Core/SRB	28.5	112500	46s	2	36s	
Trapwing	50.6	85000	94s	32	73s	
D8 blend nac.	156.5	61200 651s		336	600s	
		1				
	Still r	n Can s	stop here			

removal iterations

Can stop here for cases 2,3,4

New time ~ 77% – 96% of previous time





### **Overset grid connectivity quality visualization in OVERGRID (2.3t)**

- Various displays related to grid connectivity
- Facilitate rapid location of
  - sources of orphan points
  - local degradation of solution accuracy due to reduction in differencing stencils
  - local degradation of solution gradient continuity due to large discrepancies in inter-grid cell sizes

### Improved spatially variable hole boundary offset from minimum hole

- Successful use of distance rules requires local estimates enabled by Cartesian maps
  - Distance to wall
  - Outer boundary extent of near-body grids with iblanks accounting
- Rules for near-body grids, off-body grids, collar grids
- Compared to previous procedure
  - Significant reduction in number of orphan points (most cases)
  - Reduction in CPU time