Metacomp Technologies 🛏

Overset and Mesh Morphing Capabilities in CFD++: Multiple Physics, Multiple Applications, One Solver

Overset Grid Symposium 2014

etacomp Technologies

Background : Metacomp Technologies

- Founded in 1994
- Key staff members are pioneers in CFD research
- CFD++ is 7th generation CFD software by founder, each one stateof-the-art when introduced
- Strong algorithm to applications experience
 - Provides complete CAE solutions for its customers

MESI (Periprin

Computational Aero-a

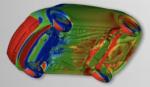
putational Fluid Dynamics

Structural Mechanics





CFD++ Capabilities



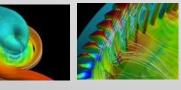
Under-hood flows

External Aerodynamics





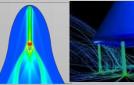
Turbomachinery



CFD++ is a comprehensive software suite that includes a rich collection of tools to help increase the end users' effectiveness.

9000

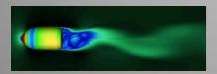
6DOF/moving bodies



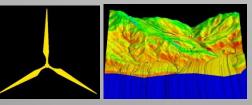
Propulsion



High- and low-Speed combustion



Unsteady flow with Hybrid RANS/LES

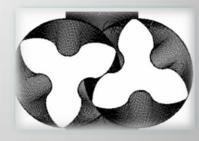


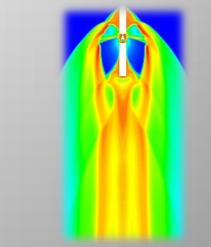
Wind energy – terrain verification

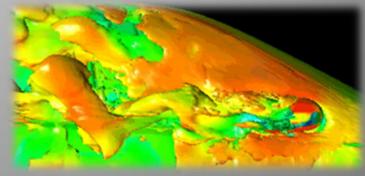
- •External and Internal flows
- Sliding/Moving/Overset Meshes
- Rotating Machinery
- GDOF/Moving Bodies
- Conjugate Heat Transfer
- Porous Media Modeling
- High-Speed and Low-Speed Reacting flows
- Multi-Speed Problems
- Supercritical Fluids
- Dispersed Phase Models (particles and droplets)
- Multiphase Mixture Models
- Phase Change Modeling (evaporation/condensation)
- Free Surfaces and Fronts (flames, shocks, etc.)
- Radiation Heat Transfer
- Unique Propeller and Helicopter Blade Model

CFD++ Numerical Features

- Coupled density or pressure-based solvers
- Realizable physical, mathematical & numerical models
- Agglomeration (algebraic) multi-grid accelerated solver for fast convergence to steady state
- Multi-dimensional TVD framework for truly 2nd order accuracy on all meshes
- Up to fourth order accuracy (temporal) in explicit mode
- Second order accuracy in time in implicit mode
- Specialized low-diffusion schemes for transient phenomena

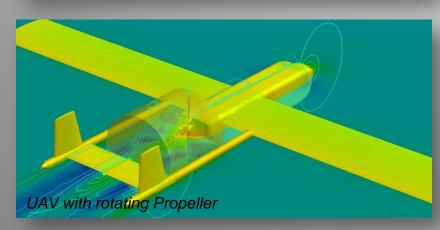






CFD++ Overset Meshes





Unique capabilities

 Simulation of steady and unsteady flows over complex geometries including bodies in relative motion

Automatically-performed operations

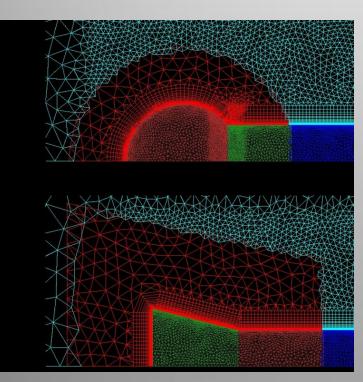
• For transient simulations, cutting, blanking and interpolation operations can all be performed within CFD++ at every time step

RBD and 6DOF

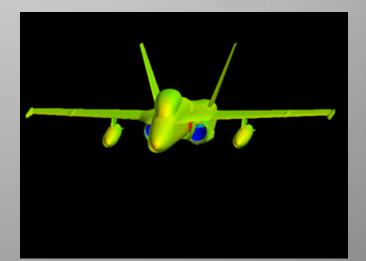
 Includes an integrated rigid-body dynamics (RBD) capability with a six-degree-of-freedom (6DOF) module

Why Overset?

- Complex geometries
- Relative motion
- Design Optimization



Overset Block For the Propellers



CFD++ Key Attributes

✓ Internal unstructured book-keeping

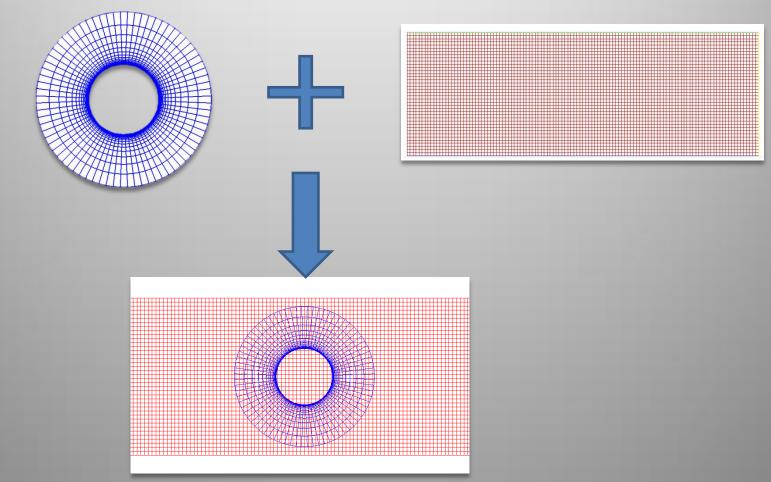
✓ Allows for all cell types within same grid

✓ Multiple blocks OK (structured and unstructured)

Wall distance free turbulence models
Allows for transient computation with grid blanking

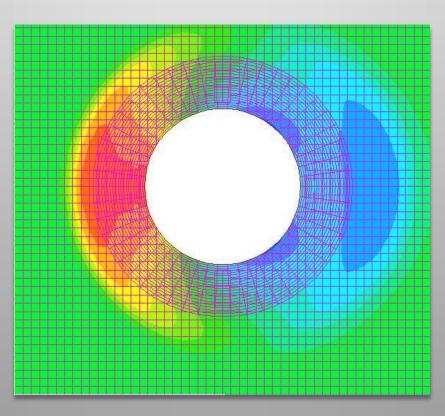
Overset Process in CFD++

✓ Concatenation of grids



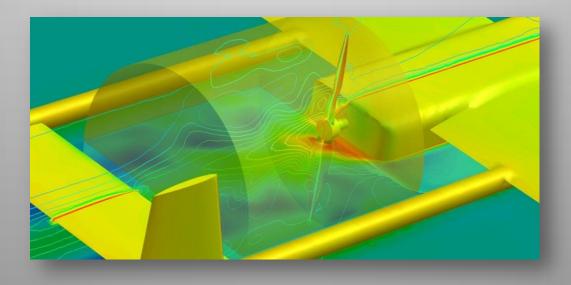
Overset Process in CFD++

- ✓ Concatenation of grids
- ✓ Cutting and Blanking



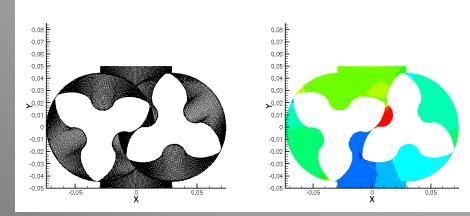
Overset Process in CFD++

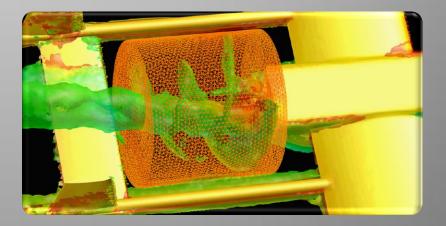
- ✓ Concatenation of grids
- Cutting and Blanking
- Application of Boundary Conditions and Grid Motion



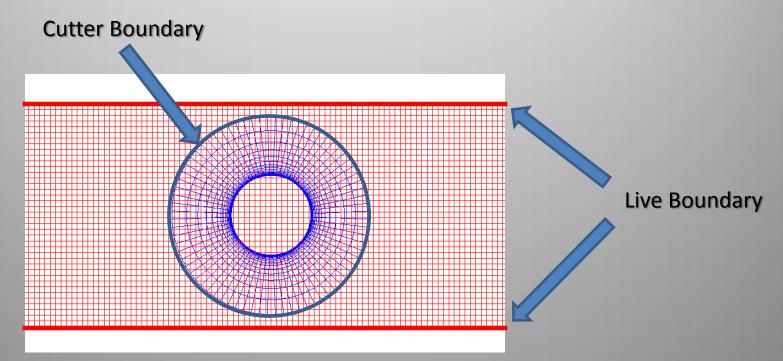
Metacomp's Overset Philosophy

- Same multidimensional least squares interpolation everywhere
- Very intuitive geometric approach
 - ✓ Flexibility via sequential cutting (reduces number of overlap cells)
- ✓ Fully integrated
 - ✓ Cutting can be performed (if necessary) completely within the run
 - ✓ Coupled with Rigid Body Motion and 6DOF computation
- Perfect conservation via flux-stitching

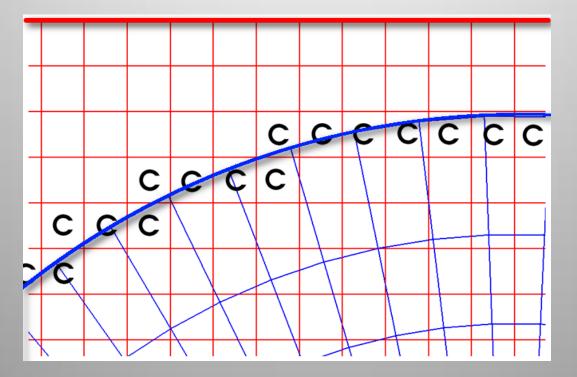




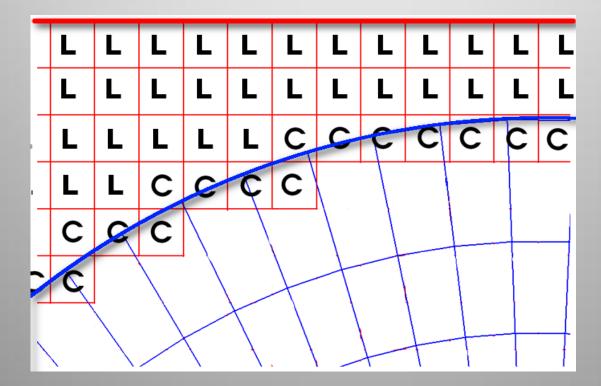
- ✓ Marking cells intersecting the cutter surface ("cut cells")
- Blanking cells enclosed by the layer of "cut cells" and non-live boundaries
- ✓ Retain or not retain "cut cells"



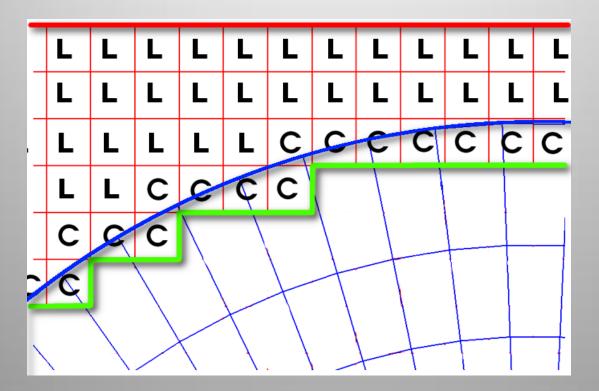
✓ Marking cells intersecting the cutter surface ("cut cells")



 Marking "live" cells – recursively marching to adjacent cells until "cut" cell or non-live boundary is encountered



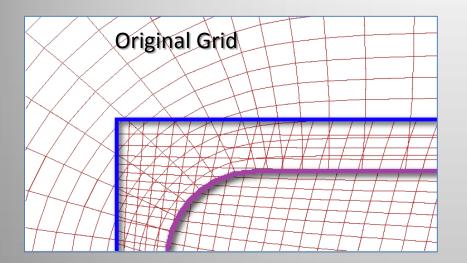
 Retain/Blank "cut" cells – additional boundary created after cutting (overset/patched)

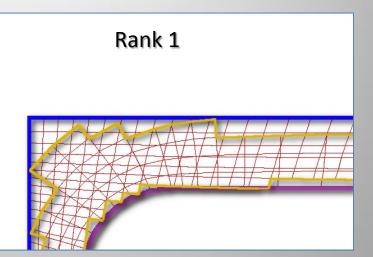


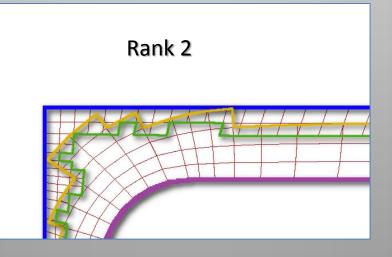
Sequential Cutting

- Allows multiple sequential cuts of varying types, retain options, live BC/cell designations
 - Multiple "Ranks" (each utilizes regular cutting procedure)
- Allows "BC created by cutting" to subsequently act as cutter
- Useful for complex overlapping geometries, robust cutting procedures for evolving transient solutions, 3+ overlapping bodies

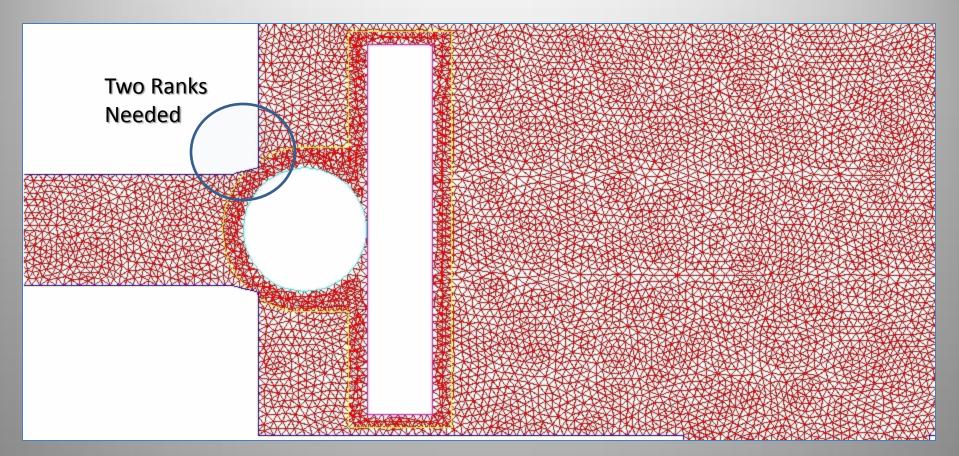
Sequential Cutting





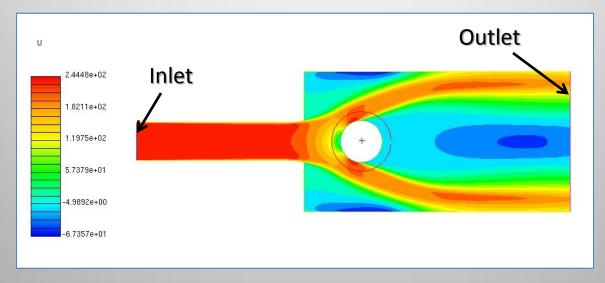


Sequential Cutting



Rank 1: Use wall, do not retain cut cells Rank 2: Use BC created by rank 1 and zonal, retain cut cells

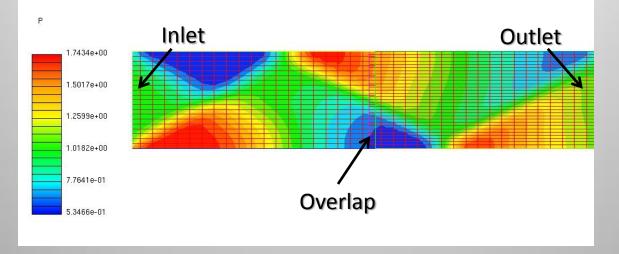
Flux Stitching



2D Incompressible, Steady Ball Valve

Mass Flux Error % w/o FS	0.1%
Mass Flux Error % with FS	< 0.001%

Flux Stitching

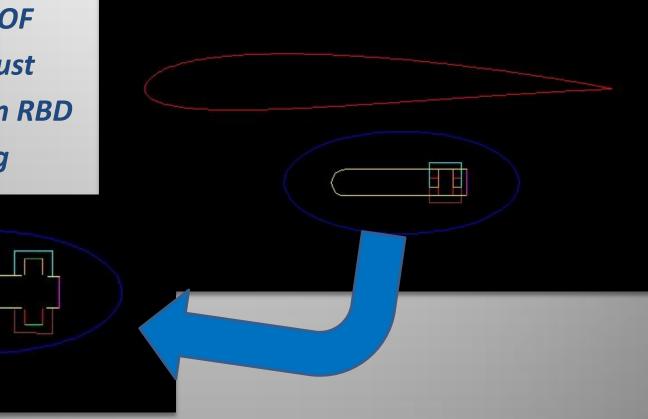


3D Supersonic Flow in Channel

Mass Flux Error % w/o FS	0.04 %
Mass Flux Error % with FS	< 0.001%

Case 1: Store Separation with Fin Deployment

✓ Multiple body 6DOF
✓ Thrust from exhaust
✓ Prescribed motion RBD
✓ Sequential cutting



Case 1: Steps

Steady State:

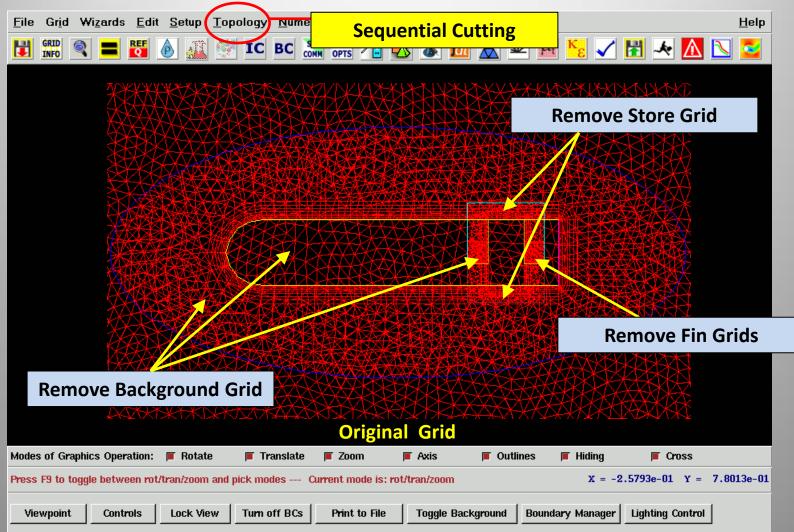
Concatenate Grids
Cutting/Blanking
Flow Specifications

Transient:

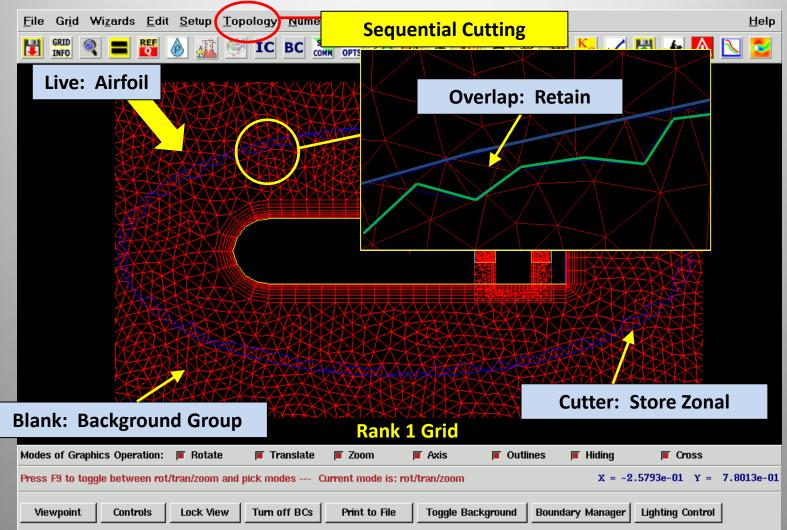
Grid Motion /6DOF
Flow Specifications

Case 1: Concatenate Grids File Grid Wizards Edit Setup Topology Numerics Physics Tools Execute <u>H</u>elp IC BC SYS PLOT COMM OPTS GRID œ/ **Concatenate using Sub-directories Background/Airfoil** Fins Store Modes of Graphics Operation: 🔳 Rotate 👅 Translate 👅 Zoom Axis Cross Outlines 📕 Hiding Press F9 to toggle between rot/tran/zoom and pick modes --- Current mode is: rot/tran/zoom X = -2.5793e - 01 Y = 7.8013e - 01Turn off BCs Controls Lock View Print to File **Toggle Background** Boundary Manager Lighting Control Viewpoint

Case 1: Cutting/Blanking

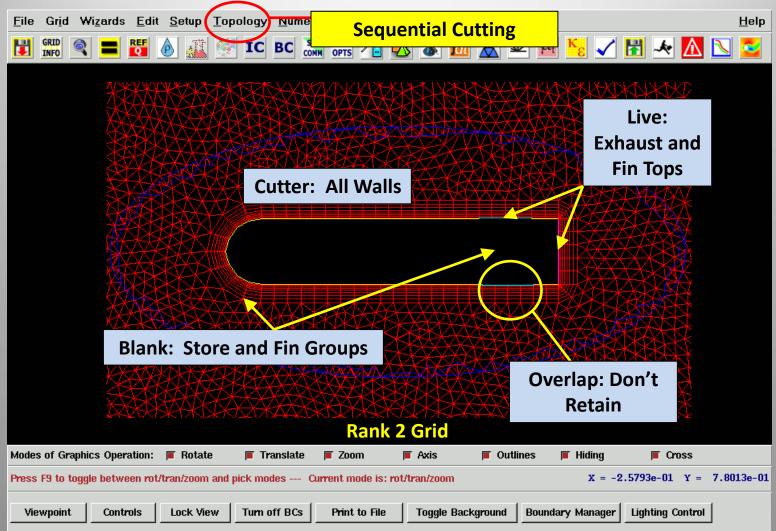


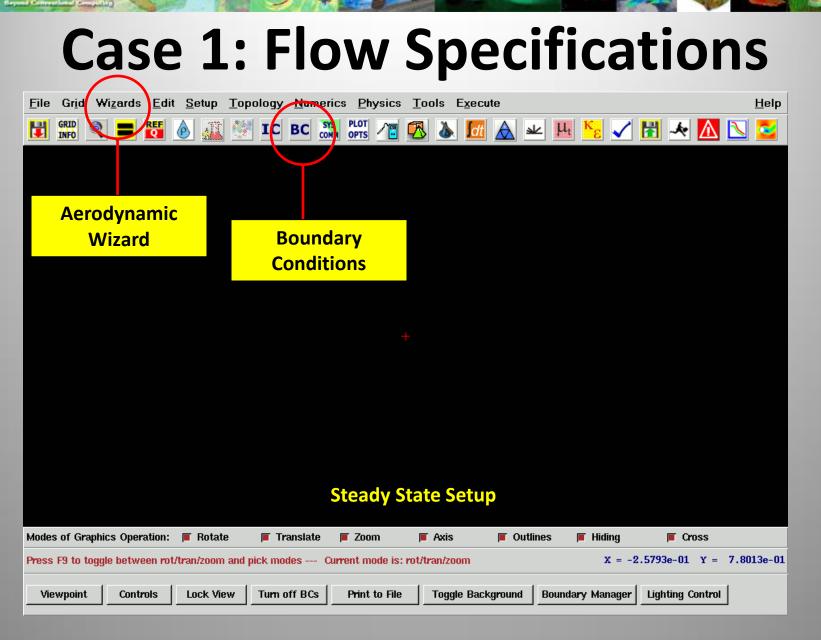
Case 1: Cutting/Blanking

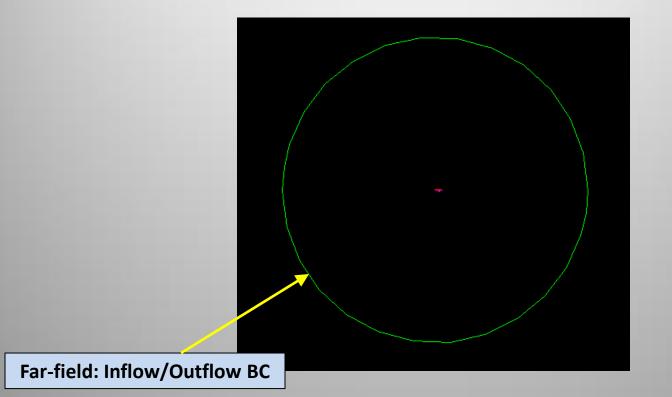


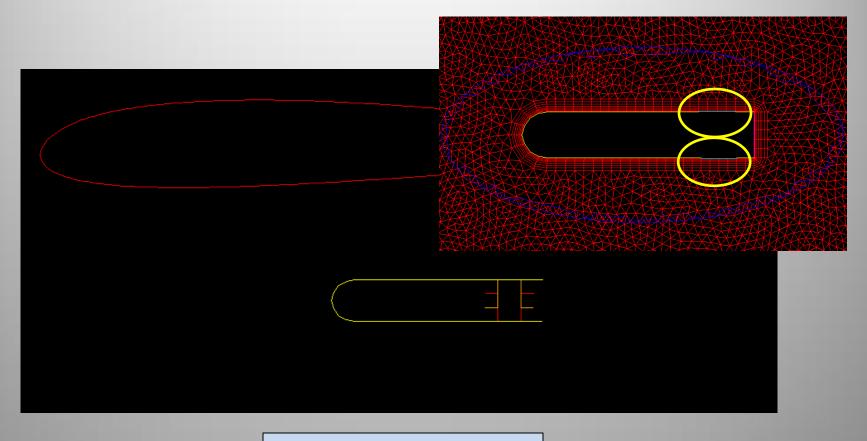


Case 1: Cutting/Blanking

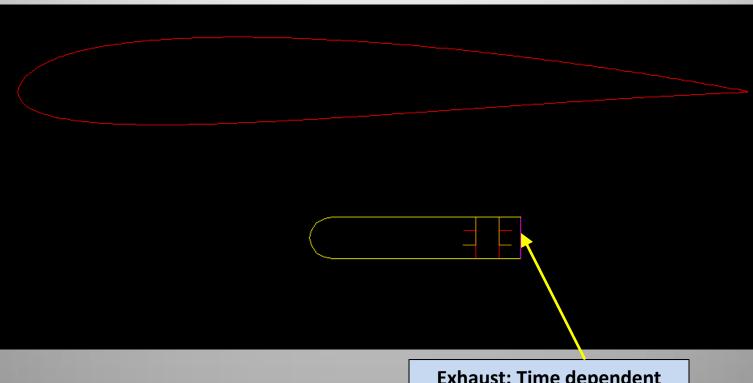




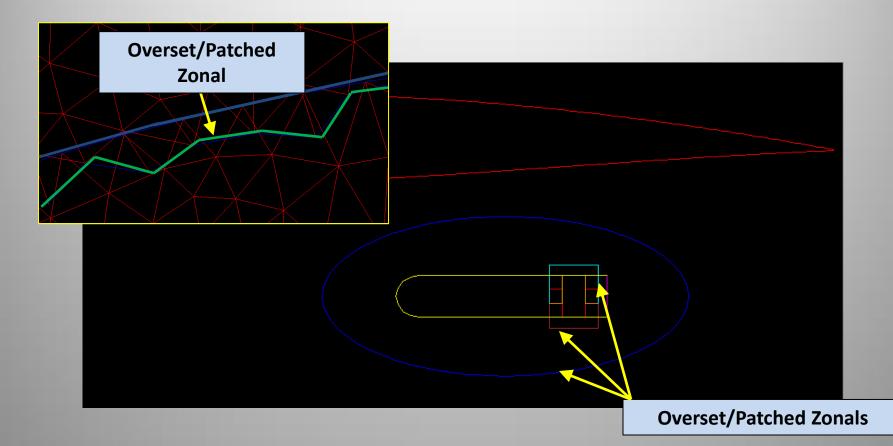


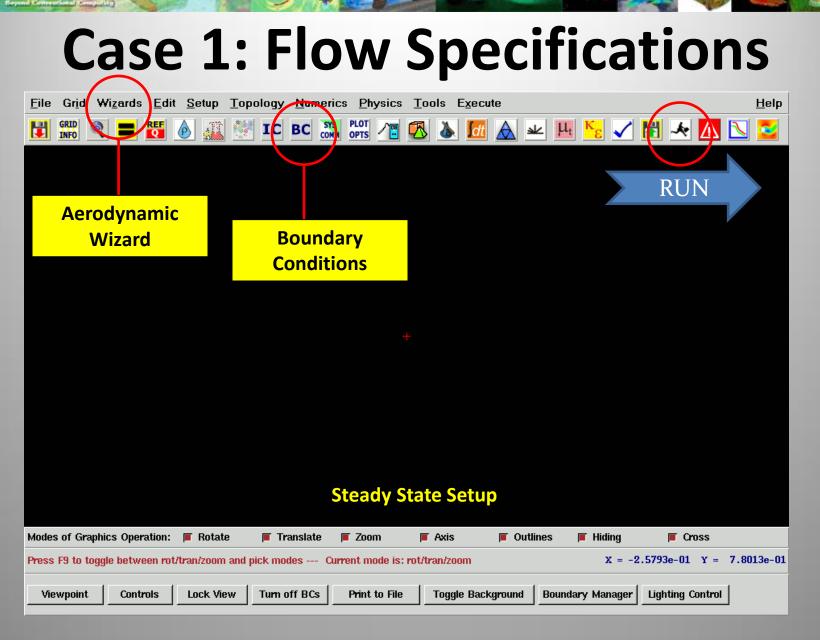


Adiabatic, Viscous Wall Functions

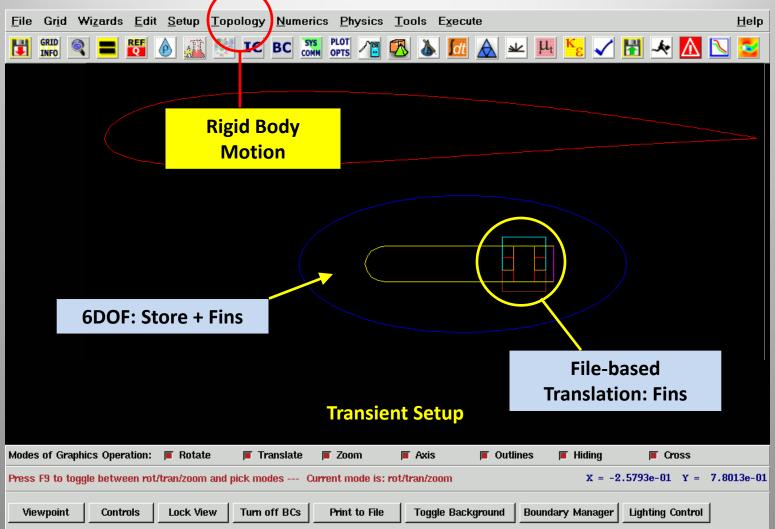


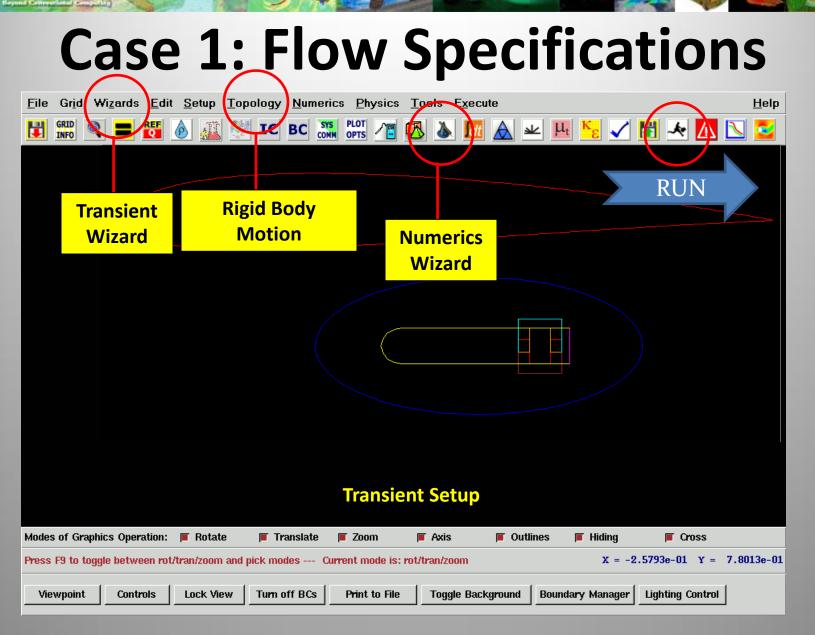
Exhaust: Time dependent Mass Flow Rate, Temp.



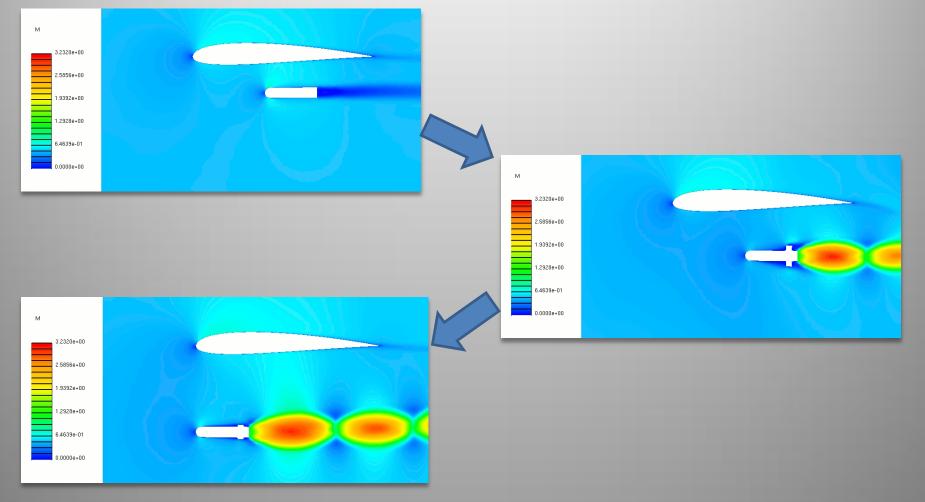


Case 1: Flow Specifications



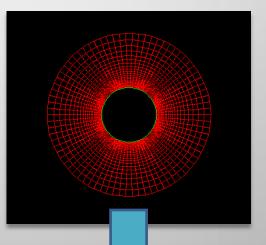


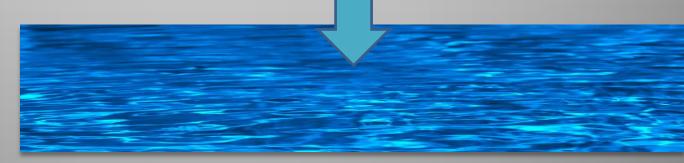
Case 1: Store Separation with Fin Deployment



Case 2: 2D Ball Drop

✓ 6DOF
✓ Volume of Fluid
✓ Buoyancy
✓ Cutting and Blanking



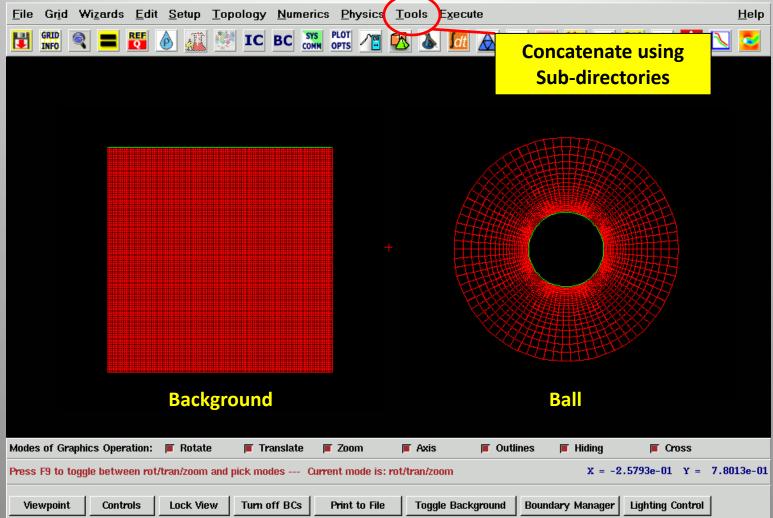


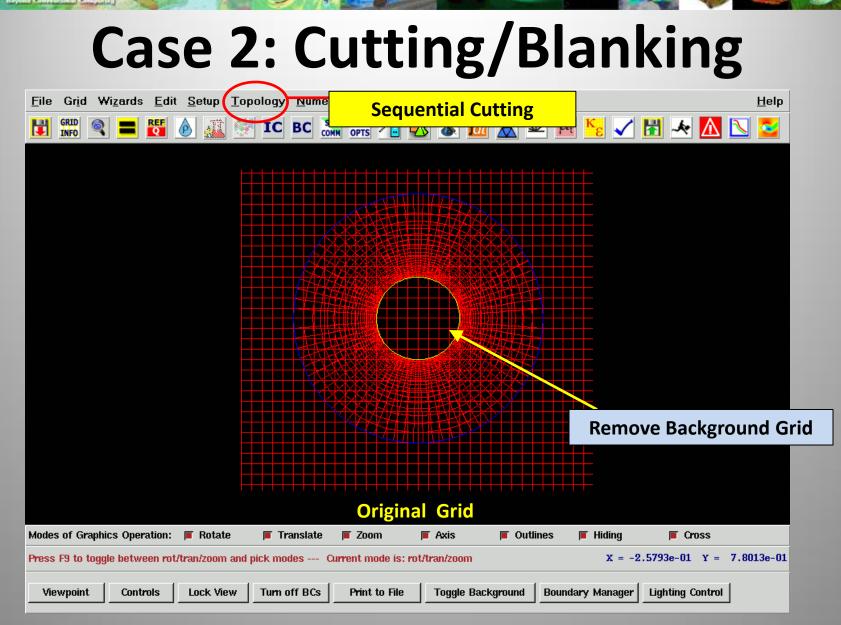
Case 2: Steps

Ball Drop:

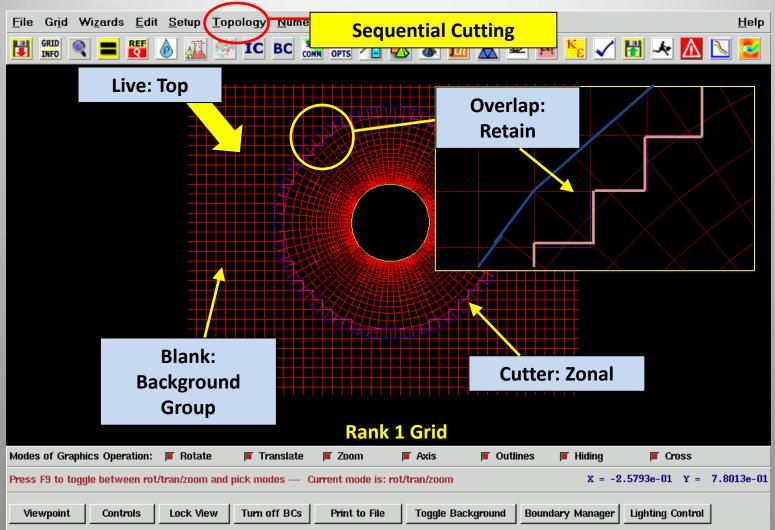
- **1. Concatenate Grids**
- 2. Cutting/Blanking
- 3. Grid Motion (6DOF)
- 4. Flow Specifications

Case 2: Concatenate Grids

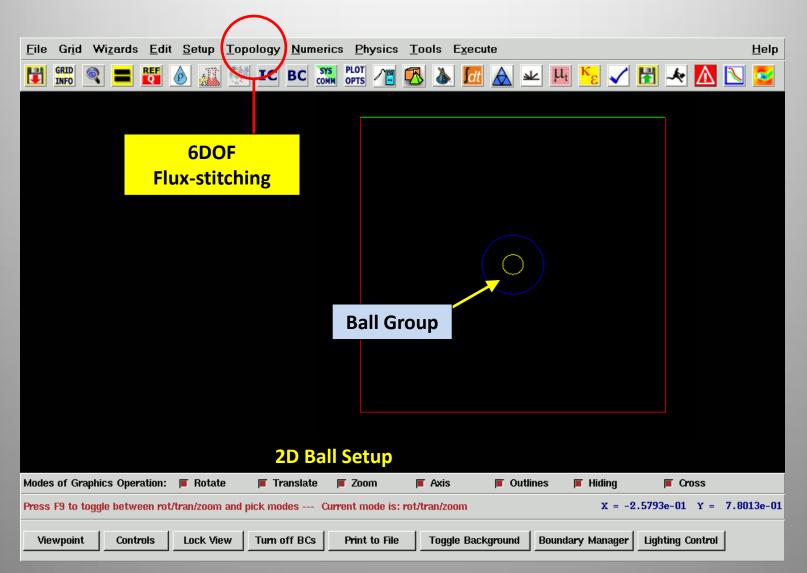




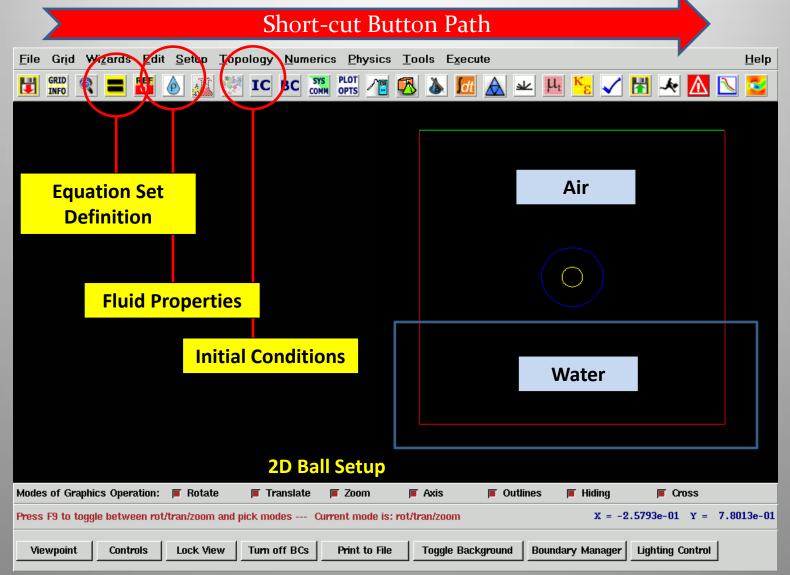
Case 2: Cutting/Blanking



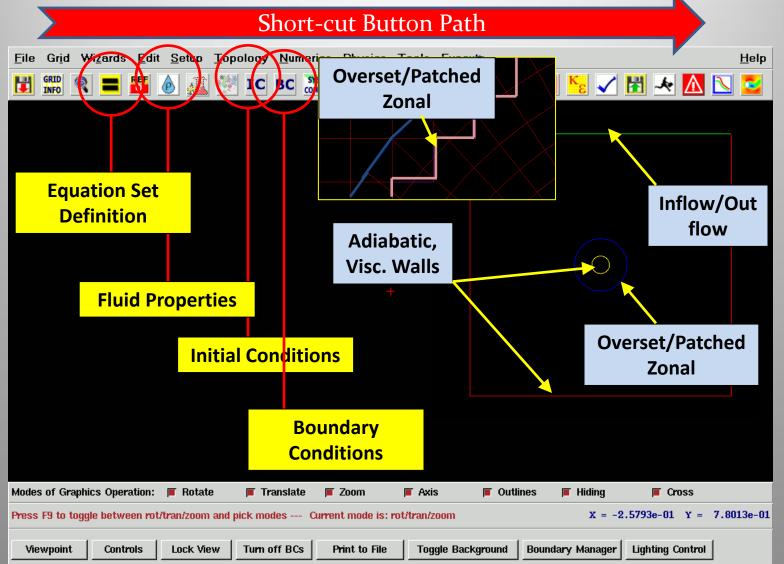
Case 2: Grid Motion



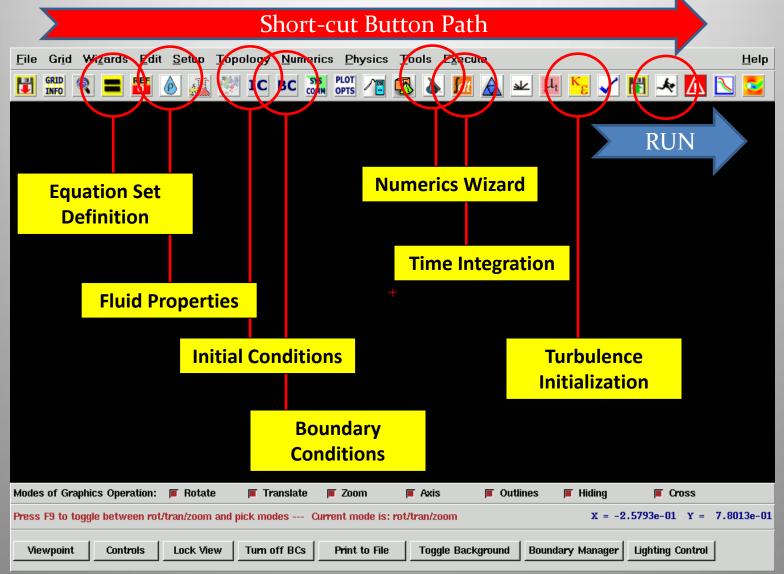
Case 2: Flow Specifications



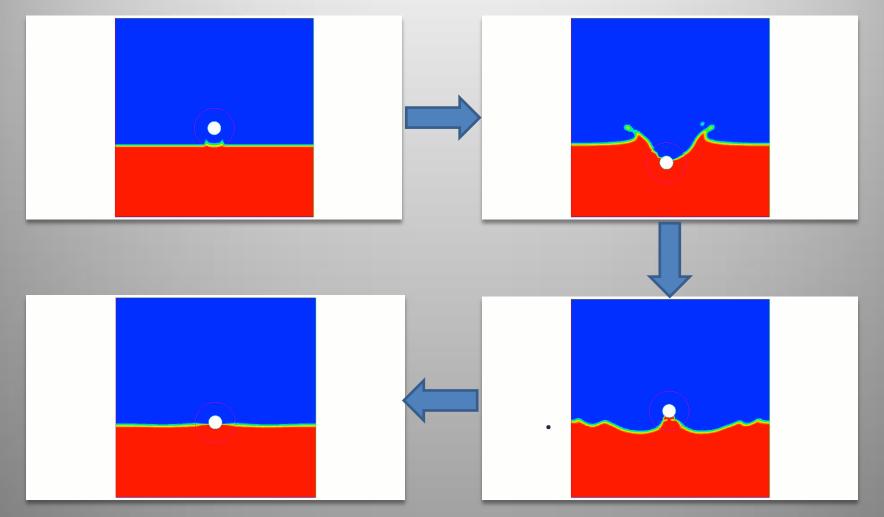
Case 2: Flow Specifications



Case 2: Flow Specifications



Case 2: 2D Ball Drop



More Examples

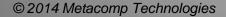
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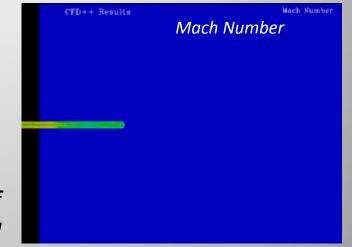
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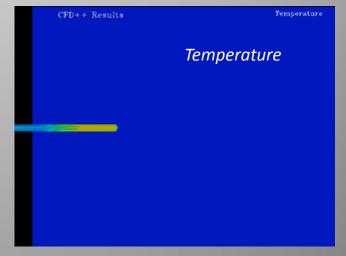
Bullet Leaving a Gun Barrel

- To simulate the detonated propellant a region of very high temperature and pressure air was imposed behind the bullet
- 2-D axisymmetric computation simulates about 2.5e-4 s (when bullet reaches end of domain, about 0.1 m from barrel exit) - grid was 81,000 cells
- Propellant races ahead of bullet and exits barrel at about 6.25e-5 s
- 1.5 hours on 2 CPUs, required 2500 global time-steps with 9900 total iterations

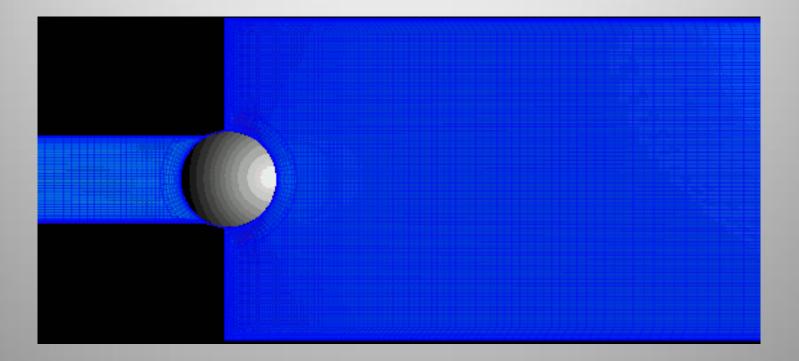
Each animation frame is 2.5e-6 s





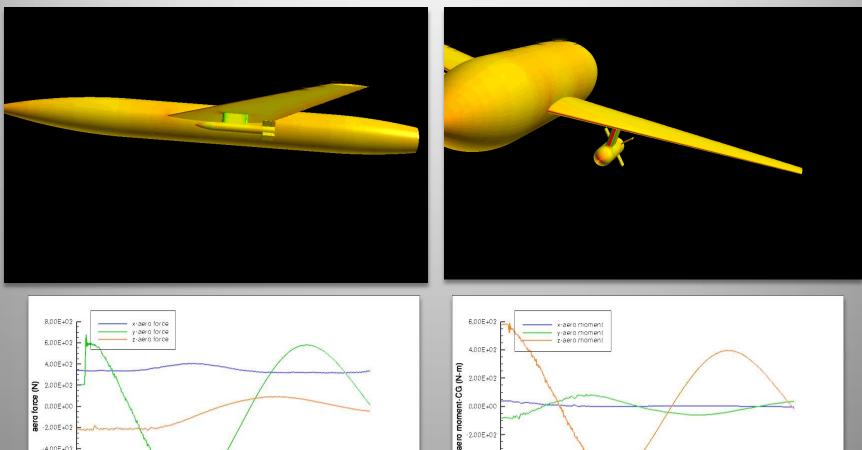


Mesh Movement



Ball-valve example: mesh cutting with zonal connections Flux stitching guarantees perfect conservation at zonal boundaries!

Store Separation using CFD++

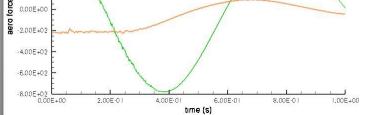


-4.00E+02

6.00E+02

0.00E+00

2.00E-01



Aerodynamic forces on store

Aerodynamic moments on store

time (s)

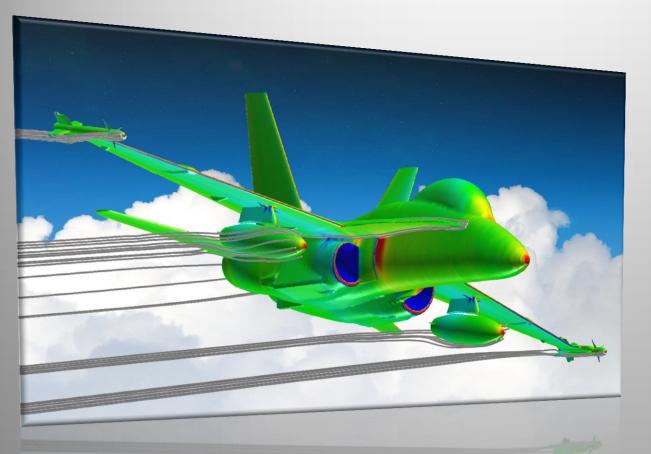
6.00E-01

8.00E-01

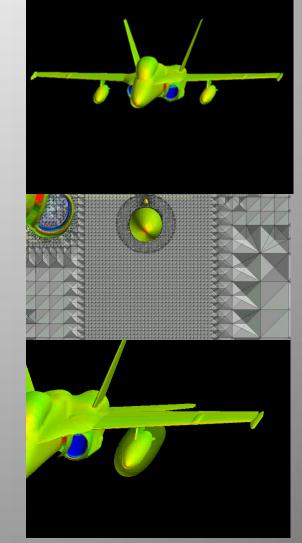
1.00E+00

4.00E-01

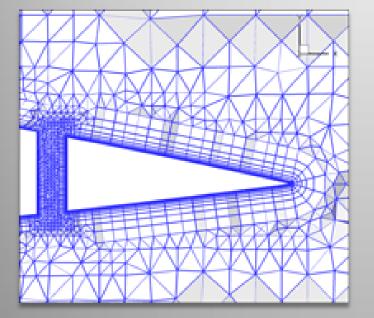
F18 Fuel Tank Separation

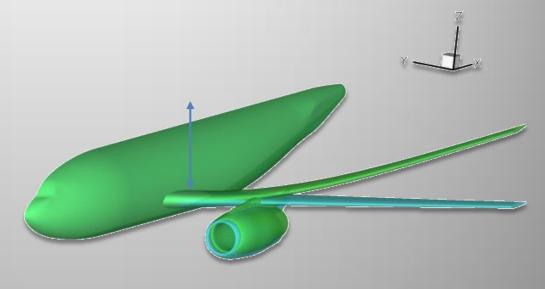


Localized cutting, zonal connection, force integration and localized 6DOF



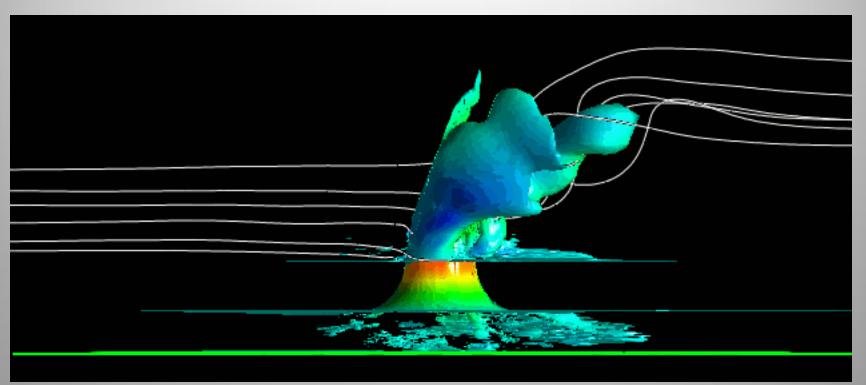
Grid Morphing





Generic flap-deflection Controlled by local radial basis function interpolation Drag Prediction Workshop Mesh 33.8 million cells 13.8 million nodes Localized deformation

Active Flow Control



Boundary-motion with local mesh morphing

Sinusoidal time- (and space-) varying BC simulates membrane motion

•Ejection of fluid through BL on upstroke

•Suction on downstroke => thinned downstream BL

GLC-305 with 944 ice shape

